

Exhibit 1.1
Definitions of Terms Associated With the
Sexual Exploitation (SEC) and Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children (CSEC)

Concept	Subtypes	Definition
<i>Child</i>		Persons under the age of 18 years unless, under the law applicable to the child, majority is attained earlier (United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989: Article 1)
<i>Child Abuse</i>		The recurrent infliction of physical or emotional injury on a dependent minor, through intentional beatings, uncontrolled corporal punishment, persistent ridicule and degradation, or sexual abuse, usually committed by parents or guardians (National Association of Social Workers, 1994).
<i>Child Sexual Abuse (CSA)</i>		Sexual activity involving persons younger than 18 years of age. Most often perpetrated by an adult, such activities include rape and molestation, pornography, and exposure of children to the sexual acts of others (ala National Clearinghouse on Child Abuse and Neglect Information, 1996).
	Type I Rape and Molestation (CSA-1)	The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity. (National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder 2000:13).
	Type 2 Pornography (CSA-2)	The employment, use, persuasion, inducement, enticement, or coercion of any child to engage in, or assist any other person to engage in, any sexually explicit conduct or simulation of such conduct for the purpose of producing a visual depiction of such conduct (National Clearinghouse on Child Abuse and Neglect Information, 1996)
	Type 3 Exposure of Children to the Sexual Acts of Others (CSA-3)	The intentional exposure of children to sexual acts performed by others (including those engaged in by parents, caregivers and others entrusted with the care of children)

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<i>Assault</i>		A violent physical or verbal attack; an unlawful threat of bodily violence or harm to somebody else, or an attempt to do such violence or harm.
<i>Sexual Assault (SAs)</i>		Any sexual act directed against a person forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (ala National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder 2000:13).
	<i>Type 1</i> Forcible Rape (SAs-1)	The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity. (National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder 2000:13). If force was used or threatened, the crime is classified as "forcible rape" regardless of the age of the victim. If no force was used or threatened and the victim is under the statutory age of consent, the crime is classified as "statutory rape" (National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder, 2000:13).
	<i>Type 2</i> Forcible Sodomy (SAs-2)	Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder 2000:13).
	<i>Type 3</i> Sexual Assault With An Object (SAs-3)	To use an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder 2000:13). An "object" or "instrument" is anything used by the offender other than the offender's genitalia (National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder 2000:13).
	<i>Type 4</i> Forcible Fondling (SAs-4)	The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification. Forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity. Forcible fondling includes "indecent liberties" and "child molesting" (National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder 2000:13).
<i>Child Sexual Assault (CSAs)</i>		Any sexual act directed against a person younger than 18 years of age, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (ala National Incident-Based Reporting System [NIBRS] as cited in Snyder 2000:13). See definitions listed under "Sexual Assault"

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		SAs-1: Forcible Rape SAs-2: Forcible Sodomy SAs-3: Sexual Assault With An Object SAs-4: Forcible Fondling
Customer		A person who buys goods or services. The purchase may be made using cash, in-kind exchanges, or on the basis of a promise to pay for the desired goods or services at some future time.
Pornography		Films, videos, magazines, writings, photographs, computer images, or other materials that are sexually explicit and intended to cause sexual arousal in the viewer.
Child Pornography (CP)		Films, videos, magazines, writings, photographs, computer image, or other materials produced by either adults or children, or both, that contain sexually explicit images of children and youth under the age of 18 years. Child pornography often has considerable commercial value; typically, though, child pornography is “traded” or exchanged between pedophiles rather than sold.
	Type 1 Images Depicting Children Only (CP-1)	Films, videos, magazines, writings, photographs, computer image, or other materials <i>produced by adults that contain only sexually explicit images of children and youth under the age of 18 years.</i>
	Type 2 Images Depicting Children With Adult(s) (CP-2)	Films, videos, magazines, writings, photographs, computer image, or other materials <i>produced by adults that contain sexually explicit images of children, youth and adults.</i>
	Type 3 Images Depicting Juveniles With Juveniles (CP-3)	Films, videos, magazines, writings, photographs, computer image, or other <i>materials produced and distributed by youth under the age of 18 years</i> that contain sexually explicit images of children and youth together.
Prostitution		The act of engaging in sexual intercourse or performing other sex acts in exchange for money or other considerations (e.g., food, clothing shelter, affection, etc.).
Child/Juvenile Prostitution (CPR)		The act of engaging in sexual intercourse or performing other sex acts with a child in exchange for money, clothing, food, shelter, drugs, or other considerations (World Health Organization, 1996).
Exploitation		Unfair, if not illegal, treatment or use of somebody or something, usually for personal gain.
Sexual Exploitation (SE)		A practice by which a person achieves sexual gratification, financial gain or advancement through the abuse or exploitation of a person’s sexuality by abrogating that person’s human right to dignity, equality, autonomy, and physical and mental well-being; i.e. trafficking, prostitution, prostitution tourism, mail-order-bride trade, pornography, stripping, battering, incest, rape and sexual harassment (Hughes, 1999).
Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)		A practice by which a person, usually an adult, achieves sexual gratification, financial gain or advancement through the abuse or exploitation of a child’s sexuality by abrogating that child’s human right to dignity, equality, autonomy, and physical and mental well-

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		being, i.e. trafficking, prostitution, prostitution tourism, mail-order-bride trade, pornography, stripping, battering, incest, rape and sexual harassment (ala Hughes, 1999). CSE reflects a continuum of abuse ranging from child sexual abuse to child sexual exploitation to the commercial sexual exploitation of children.
	<i>Type 1</i> Child Sexual Abuse (CSA)	See definition listed under “Child Sexual Abuse”
	<i>Type 2</i> Child Sexual Assault (CSAs)	See definition listed under “Child Sexual Assault”
	<i>Type 3</i> The Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children (CSEC)	See definitions listed under the “Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children” CSEC-1: Child Pornography CSEC-2: Child/Juvenile Prostitution CSEC-3: Trafficking in Children For Sexual Purposes
Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children (CSEC)		The sexual exploitation of children of children (SEC) entirely, or at least primarily, for financial or other economic reasons. The economic exchanges involved may be either <i>monetary</i> or <i>non-monetary</i> (i.e., for food, shelter, drugs) but, in every case, involves maximum benefits to the exploiter and an abrogation of the basic rights, dignity, autonomy, physical and mental well-being of the children involved.
	<i>Type 1</i> Child Pornography (CSEC-1)	See definitions listed under “Child Pornography” CP-1: Images Depicting Children Only CP-2: Images Depicting Children With Adults CP-3: Images Depicting Juveniles With Juveniles
	<i>Type 2</i> Child/Juvenile Prostitution (CSEC-2)	See definitions listed under “Child Prostitution” and “Survival Sex”
	<i>Type 3</i> Trafficking in Children For Sexual Purposes (CSEC-3)	See definitions listed under “Trafficking” T-1: Domestic Trafficking T-2: International Trafficking
Tourist		A person or persons who visit places away from home for pleasure.
Sex Tourist		Persons who travel from their homes, usually across international borders, with the intent of engaging in sexual activities with others, including children.

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<i>Sex Tourism</i>		Commercially organized travel and related services (e.g., hotel, transportation), usually across international borders, for persons seeking to engage in sex with citizens of other countries, including children who are citizens of those countries.
“ <i>Survival Sex</i> ”		Many youth involved in the exchange of sex for money or other considerations (e.g., food, shelter, drugs, etc.) do not perceive themselves as engaging in <i>prostitution</i> but rather as doing “whatever is necessary” to ensure their survival. For purposes of this study, however, “survival sex” and “child prostitution” are understood to be the same phenomenon and the terms are used interchangeably.
<i>Trafficking (T)</i>		The transport, harboring, or sale of persons within national or across international borders through coercion, force, kidnapping, deception or fraud, for purposes of placing persons in situations of forced labor or services, such as forced prostitution, domestic servitude, debt bondage or other slavery-like practices. Agreement exists that the concept applies whether a child was taken forcibly or voluntarily (18 USC 1589 et seq.).
	Type 1 Domestic Trafficking (T-1)	<p>The recruitment, transportation or receipt of children through deception or coercion for the purpose of prostitution, other sexual exploitation or forced labor <i>only within their own country</i>. Children may be trafficked domestically either voluntarily or involuntarily.</p> <p>a. <i>Voluntary domestic trafficking</i> involves the movement of children voluntarily across state lines for the purpose of bringing financial gain to either the children or the traffickers, or both. The majority of children trafficked in this way are required either to pay fees to or to perform services, including sexual services, for their traffickers.</p> <p>b. <i>Involuntary domestic trafficking</i> involves the movement of children involuntarily across intra-national (e.g., state) lines for the purpose of bringing financial gain to the traffickers. The majority of children trafficked are held in servitude and are forced to pay trafficking fees through a combination of indentured services, including commercial sexual services.</p>
	Type 2 International Trafficking (T-2)	<p>The recruitment, transportation or receipt of children through deception or coercion for the purpose of prostitution, other sexual exploitation or forced labor <i>across international boundaries</i>. Children may be trafficked internationally either voluntarily or involuntarily.</p> <p>a. <i>Voluntary international trafficking</i> involves the movement of children voluntarily across international borders for the purpose of bringing financial gain to either the children or the traffickers, or both. The majority of children trafficked in this way are required either to pay fees or to perform services, including sexual services, to their traffickers.</p> <p>b. <i>Involuntary international trafficking</i> involves the movement of children involuntarily across international borders for the purpose of bringing financial gain to the traffickers. The majority of children trafficked internationally are held in</p>

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		servitude and are forced to pay trafficking fees through a combination of indentured services, including commercial sexual services.
<i>Smuggling</i>		The procurement of illegal entry of a person into a State of which the latter person is not a national with the objective of making a profit (United Nations, 1999:3). Smuggling is distinguished from trafficking in that alien smuggling involves the provision of a service, albeit illegal, to people who knowingly buy the service in order to get into a foreign country.
<i>Organized Crime</i>		A non-ideological enterprise involving a number of persons in close social interaction, organized on a [structured] basis with [different] levels/ranks, for the purpose of securing profit and power by engaging in illegal and legal activities (Abadinsky, 1994:8 as cited in Schloenhardt, 1999:9 and Graycar, 1999:7-8).
<i>Transnational Crime</i>		The crossing of a border by people, things or criminal will, together with the international recognition of the crime at both national and international levels (Secretary-General of INTERPOL as cited by Graycar, 1999:2) To be considered “international,” a crime must be a criminal offense in at least two nation states, thereby bringing into effect international conventions, extradition treaties or concordant national laws (Bossard, 1990:5 as cited in McFarlane, 1999:2 and Graycar, 1999:2-3).

Exhibit 1.2
Selected Terms Relating to the Sexual Exploitation of Children (SEC)

Concept	Definition
<i>Call Boy/ Call Girl</i>	A prostitute (male/female) who responds to telephone calls for sex. In all cases, call boys and call girls travel to the prospective client’s residence, hotel or other designated meeting spot.
<i>Exhibitionist</i>	A person who repeatedly exposes their genitals to unsuspecting strangers in order to achieve sexual excitement.
<i>Hebephile</i>	An adult with sexual desires and arousal fantasies that often culminate in sexual acts with <i>pubescent children of the same or opposite sex</i> .
<i>Hustler</i>	A prostitute, especially a streetwalker or one who solicits in bars (<i>slang</i>).
<i>“John”</i>	A man who is a prostitute’s customer (<i>slang</i>).
<i>Pander</i>	To procure sexual favors for somebody. (Synonym: solicit, procure)
<i>Pederast</i>	Men with sexual desires and arousal fantasies that often culminate in sexual acts with <i>pre-pubescent boys</i> .
<i>Pedophile</i>	An adult with sexual desires and arousal fantasies that often culminate in sexual acts with <i>pre-pubescent children</i> of the same or opposite sex.
<i>Pimp</i>	One who promotes and/or profits from the sale and/or abuse of another person’s body or sexuality for sexual purposes, or the production and/or sale images made of that

Concept	Definition
	person, e.g. trafficker, pornographer, brothel madam, third party manager, talent director, mail-order bride agent, prostitution tour agent (Hughes, 1999)
<i>Predator</i>	One who exploits conditions of inequality to buy and/or abuse for personal sexual satisfaction those with less power, e.g. john, punter, buyer, client, customer, trick, pedophile, rapist, sex offender, child molester, pornographer (Hughes, 1999)
<i>Sex Industry</i>	The collection of legal and illegal businesses and single and multi-party operations that profit from the sexual exploitation of women, children, and sometimes, men in trafficking, organized prostitution, and/or pornography; e.g. brothels, massage parlors, bars, strip clubs, mail-order-bride agencies, prostitution tour agencies, "adult entertainment," "adult" bookstores, pornographic web sites, etc. (Hughes, 1999)
<i>Sexual Masochist</i>	A person who experiences sexual excitement in the act of being made to suffer.
<i>Sexual Sadist</i>	A person who experiences sexual excitement by inflicting suffering upon another person.
<i>Track</i>	A network of cities and other communities regularly traveled to by pimps, traffickers and sexually exploited youth and adults.
<i>Transgender/ Transsexual</i>	A person who is in the process of changing, or who already has changed, his/her natal gender identity to that of the opposite sex. The process involves both hormonal and surgical treatment.
<i>Transvestite</i>	A person who experiences sexual excitement by wearing clothing of the opposite sex.
<i>Trick</i>	Somebody who hires a prostitute (<i>slang</i>); an individual engagement between a prostitute and a client (<i>slang</i>).
<i>Voyeur</i>	A person who seeks sexual arousal by observing the sexual activity of others.
<i>“White” Slavery</i>	Historically, the concept referred to the abduction and sale of a Caucasian girl or woman into prostitution against her will. Today, the concept does not include a racial designation and, instead, refers to the use of force, deception or other means to compel people into commercial sexual activity.

Source: Estes, Richard J. and Neil Alan Weiner. 2001. The Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children in the U.S., Canada and Mexico (Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania School of Social Work).

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