HGEA Opposes Probe

Body May Uncover Worse Than Spoils System in Depts.

By STAFF WRITERS

"Tiger"s "Alien" Striker Is "Death March" Survivor

For one striking longshoreman, Eulogio Macadangdang, the strike is not the toughest fight he's been in—though winning or losing may determine his whole future. Macadangdang is one of the aliens the longshoremen's always talking about as "cruelty good American Citizens." He's also a survivor of the Haitian "Death March," which killed his wife for several years during World War II fighting against the German forces of the United Nations—the soldiers of the Japanese Empire.

Working as a civilian laborer at the age of 16, Macadangdang was captured by the Japanese. The afternoon he was captured, he was taken to a Japanese farm, where he was forced to work in the fields. He worked there for two years, until he was finally able to escape and return to his home in the Philippines.

National NAACP Hits Indictment of Harry Bridges

"There is no need for creating artificial hysteria in Naalehu or anywhere in the United States, according to the only issue confronting the members of the ILWU in Hawaii and its Big 5 is a wage demand in sugar and longshoremen, according to the Naalehu News, a business agent for the Naalehu and Hilo pilots.

"Your paper," the News said, "is speaking for the workers and not the employers." The News added that the workers were not being paid what they were worth, and that the employers were trying to keep them from forming unions.

Shift in Signs

When the "Watchmen" of the IDLU at the Hilo harbor told workers that they were being replaced by hongos, workers were not satisfied. They felt that they were not being properly compensated for their work.

Quirino Fells Off Fence In Speech

Although he generally did what Philippine laborers did in a job of fence-straddling on local strike issues, President Quirino was quick to say that the government was not against the industry which he described as "vital to the nation's welfare.

Taking advantage of the Taft-Hartley Act, the administration is now seeking to eliminate the labor unions and in recent months the labor organization has been gaining strength and influence. (See chart on page five)

BIG 5 CONTROL OF LEGISLATURE

See chart on page five

Hawaiian Pineapple Co. Ltd. enjoyed its best year since 1949, according to the report to stockholders. The company reports that its sales increased by 18% in 1948 over 1947. Income from operations was up 22% and dividends declared were 12% higher. The company's assets increased by 15%. The company invested in new plant and equipment which added $2.5 million to its capital. The company's earnings for the year ended December 31, 1948, were $75.70 per share.

Story Different to Teachers

The story says that the company tells its workers in the United States that they are "too high" if it wants them to attract American investments.

Philippine Labor Hits "Advice" Of U.S. Ambassador

Manila (AFP) - Philippine labor leaders today welcomed a statement by the U.S. Ambassador to the Philippines, saying that the government was "welcoming the advice of the U.S. Embassy to the Philippines to "reduce labor costs" which are "too high".

The statement was delivered to a group of workers who had met with the U.S. Ambassador, saying that the government was "welcoming the advice of the U.S. Embassy to the Philippines to "reduce labor costs" which are "too high".

Philippine workers have been demanding higher wages and better working conditions, and have been protesting against the government's policy of "reducing labor costs".

The government has been accused of tying the hands of workers by refusing to negotiate with labor unions and by implementing austerity measures that have led to a decline in living standards for many Filipinos.

The U.S. Embassy has been issuing statements encouraging the government to "reduce labor costs" and to "address the needs of workers".

The government has been criticized for not taking workers' demands seriously and for implementing policies that are detrimental to the welfare of workers.

Philippine labor leaders have been calling for better wages and working conditions, and for the government to negotiate with labor unions.

The government has been accused of ignoring workers' demands and of implementing policies that are detrimental to the welfare of workers.

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Philippine labor leaders have been calling for better wages and working conditions, and for the government to negotiate with labor unions.
Speedo Spreading

Unemployment is a powerful weapon
for the bosses who know that the jobless are
eager to get into the boots of the employed.

A midwestern employer who claimed this, was quoted in M.I. & Photon, an industry journal: "We are just beginning to witness improvement in work attitudes due to more plentiful labor supply."

The measure of confidence of 1,000 companies had brought these answers:

- Fifty per cent of the employees said employ productivity this year was higher than the previous year, forty-three per cent said productivity was about the same. Four per cent reported it was lower.

- Sixty per cent of the employers believed rising unemployment is one of the reasons why productivity has increased.

- A New England company boasted that it had stepped up production through new machinery and the desire of employers to hold their payroll. But to about forty-five per cent more, it suggested a national policy which would put "the unseen in their proper place" because the average worker retains too much panic.

- With unrelenting employers shunting to squeeze more out of the workers, now there are less, the employers needed more than mere salary but also solid unions to keep their production. In a job security and workers' rights, the employers have been joined in their efforts.

- Already output per hour today is about 33 per cent higher than before the war. The employers want higher productivity, and this means further increase in unemployment.

Hoover and Depression

The name of Herbert Hoover and depres-
sion are almost inseparably linked by
those who came through the last depression.
While resident during the boom period
of the twenties, he crowed about two ears in every American garage and chicken in every pot.

But the Republican was up against the beat and when the depression came, he showed his lack of imagination, his lack of ability to cope with the crisis. When war veterans marched to Washington in de-
manding the bonus, his Chief of Staff, Con-
gress Charles MacArthur urged the army against them.

Last week Hoover beseeched U.S. spend-
ing in a speech during the celebration of his 75th birthday. He said, "We are on the first miles to collectivism," and that contin-
ed government spending would lead to Socialism.

- Hoover criticized increased spend-
ing, the lack of harmony and dependency of the people on government. What he did not mention, or failed to see, was the fact that big employers are retraining, that unemployment is increasing and the labor

power of the booke is corrosively weak-
ning.

The "fourth round" wage demand by unions did not see right with Hoover who believed in unionization unofficially by big employers, and the message of the ex-
press was played up in the cooperationcontrolled press and radio.

As in the summer of 1929, when Hoover still dreamed of two cars in every garage, he would not say that the country was in a recession. While this depression went on, the United Electrical Workers (CIO) reported that the unemployment fig-
ure was close to six million, not four mil-
ion as the census bureau reported. The New York report said the government agency in-
correctly left out of the unemployment total three groups of workers: 386,000 on temporary lay-off and waiting to start new jobs; 560,000 who work only a few hours weekly; and 560,000 on the so-called fringes of the labor market.

- Employment mounting by the month, public works is a menace of absorbing a still greater part of the jobless. The government named 12 areas in the country as critical spots with unemployment reaching 12 per cent of the total labor force.

Five Per Cent Scandal

Preco and coverage — that's how the senate investigation of "five per centers" worked. Last week a Milwaukee manufacturer named Albert J. Gross told about the "five per cent" deals and mentioned that

World Summary

Divided Korea

In South Korea, the government of the Republic of Korea observed the first an-
iversary of its existence and President Syng-
man Rhee was elected to a two-year

- The present tense atmosphere has not contributed to understanding and world

- There have been border clashes between the forces of North Korea and South Korea. Rhee had lent the past ten months to 2 U.S. military assistance.

The northern area. Also, North Korea owned electric generating plants which supply more than half the needs of the southern area.

Rhee this week called for strong anti-
Communist campaign in order to preserve the Republic. He said the Republic would fight alone, if necessary, against Commu-
nism. This sounded exactly like the rab-
ble-rousting of Chiang Kai-shek in the old days, when he launched "anti-commu-
nist" campaign. Rhee's major failing, like Chiang's, was the neglect of needed re-
form to improve the people's well-being.

After the White Paper

Now that the State Department had is-

- This development was not as strong as it pleased it to be the, 30,000,000 Koreans would be reboli-

- The government named 12 areas in the country as critical spots with unemployment reaching 12 per cent of the total labor force.

Preparation for early recognition of the Com-
munist-led government, once it is formed. With shrinking world markets for its ex-
ports, the S. S. dominance of world trade. Britain looks to China's 450 million customers.

A PARAMOUNT question in foreign cir-
cles this week was whether the U. S. will pressure Britain not to recognize the Com-
munist government, at least for a long time, so that the S. S. State Department has ob-

- While this speculation went on, the Communists pressed outward to create a front. And in the northwestern front, Chiang Kai-shek, which had served as a gateway to Russia, was in line of Communist advance.

- The time of the Communist on the continent was slipping. In view of this development, it was interesting to watch Chiang Kai-shek operating as a key figure to negotiate a three-nation Pacific Pact with the Philippines and South Korea. How the Filippines and South Korea, neither having much to contribute, but the

- For Postponement

Lack the U. S., France wants to postpone recognition of the Chinese Communist re-
gime, but for a different reason. The French do not have economic interest in China as do the other two powers. Britain and the

The RECORD

811 Sheridan Street
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Fearless and Independent

Thursday, August 18, 1949

Maj. Gen. Harry H. Vaughan, the Presi-
dent's military aide, had received one of the deep-freeze units as a gift from a Chi-

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den
More on P. I. Labor (from page 1)

More on Quirino (from page 1)

More On Haproco (from page 3)

More on Quirino

Tizer's Alien

More on Co. Control (from page 1)

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Dillingham Bldg.
Case Here Tests Status of Filipinos—Former Nationals

By ALLAN BEEMAN

Did the Filipinos who were residing in Hawaii and other Pacific Islands at the proclamation of the Philippine Independence Act, July 4, 1946, lose their American citizenship and become something more than just residents of the islands? This is the question which has been answered by the Court of Appeals, as reported in a decision filed recently.

Mr. BEEMAN, who represented the defendant, C. F. M. Miya, in the case, said that the Court had ruled that they had not lost their citizenship.


e the appeal may affect 50,000 Filipinos in Hawaii and as many in the United States, this issue of citizenship is of great importance.

Mr. BEEMAN, the attorney for the defendant, said in his argument that the Court had ruled that the appeal may affect 50,000 Filipinos in Hawaii and as many in the United States, this issue of citizenship is of great importance.

Some Realtors Batter at Restive Walks

"The Truth," a street-spon- sored by the Hawaii Realtor's Association, is the pet project of a group of realtors who are tired of the restive walk at the present time. The group has met several times and has decided to make a stand against the walk.

One of the most restive walk times is 7:30 a.m. at Ala Moana Blvd. From a point close to the piers, the group of realtors will meet and walk up and down the street, shouting slogans like "Stop the restive walk!" and "We want peace on this street!"

A prominent realtor in Honolulu, Mr. Seabright, named certain sections of the streets as "restive walk areas" and planned to use Diamond Head as executive director for the campaign. The group will meet at the bridge side of Ala Moana Blvd. and will patrol the streets. They hope to make the restive walk a thing of the past.

"The Truth," the street-spon- supported by the Hawaii Re- tor's Association, is the pet project of a group of realtors who are tired of the restive walk at the present time. The group has met several times and has decided to make a stand against the walk.

Mike Quin

FAREWELL TO MY UNION BROTHERS

On August 14, 1947, well-known for his writings, as an author and journalist, Mike Quin was killed in a plane crash. He had worked on the Seattle Times and the Seattle Post-Intelligencer in his early years. In 1943, he began broadcasting in Hawaii, where he became the people's champion and a respected leader in the labor movement.

The news letter was written by him to his "union brother- ers" almost three months before his death, when he knew he had but a short time to live.

"To my brothers, the Labor- which you gave me. I was proud to be a part of your union's history. I am grateful for the opportunity to live in a time when we were able to make a difference. Next year, I will leave the union, but I will always remember the good times we shared."

The next day, the Old Man had to go to work. He knew that things were changing. The economy was not as strong as it used to be, and people were struggling to make ends meet.

Some legislators, for instance, have introduced bills that would allow Hawaii to have its own labor laws. This would mean that workers could be better protected and would have more rights.

However, the problem is that the current labor laws are not enough. Many workers are still being exploited and are not being paid fairly. It is important that we continue to push for better rights for workers.

The union is one of the most important institutions in our society. It helps to protect workers' rights and to ensure that they are treated fairly. We must continue to support the union and to work towards making it stronger.

Penny-Finishing

The practice of penny-finishing is one of the most common forms of exploitation in the modern labor market. It is a form of wage theft, where workers are paid less than the minimum wage.

This practice is often used in the construction and manufacturing industries. Workers are often forced to work long hours for low pay, and are not given overtime pay for the extra hours they work.

The solution is simple: workers must be paid the full minimum wage, and employers must be held accountable for their actions.

The government has a role to play in enforcing labor laws and protecting workers' rights. But it is up to all of us to stand up for what is right and to demand fair treatment for all workers.
Lobby Killed Civil Rights Bill; Others: Boasts HR & DA

BY STAFF WRITER

Remember the Civil Rights Bill, similar to the law existing in New Jersey? This year’s bill would have outlawed social discrimination in the Territory? Did you know that the Civil Rights Law never did anything about it? The Big Five did not affect the Civil Rights Bill because it was already passed by the Senate.

The bill intended to assure equal rights to voters and provide for accommodation, resort or amusement was killed by the Association in a recent meeting.

That’s the report, in fact, in an article titled "The Civil Rights Bill and Discrimination," appearing in the official journal of the House of Representatives, which in many respects is the first serious effort of the association’s minority constituents.

"This action was taken because it was felt that the passage of the bill would result in a great deal of the problem of racial discrimination.

There are some other achievements of the association’s legislative work that are of interest submitted by Miss Von Welden.

1. A bill to allow the YWCA-YMCA and other elementary institutions to receive federal assistance ended up as a 2. Local Option Bill was killed in the Senate Committee on Alaska.

SLAVERY, TAX COLLECTORS BEAT CHIANG

BY EDWARD ROOBHOU

When General Albert Wedemeyer, the wartime military advisor, saw two years ago that the Khuomintang armies must inevitably be thrown out of North China by the Communists, he suddenly seized upon a new strategy. Once the Communists had been repulsed, he instructed his commanders to drive south to form an anti-Japan war, and because the Khuomintang Army had held the south on a scale of open warfare.

Yet today, the few stories from the front line that have come to light tell how the Khuomintang diocese of Hunan and Kwangtung, the region between Hunan and Kwangtung, has been effective.

Most of the stories lie to the south. On the north, Miiingtung in the north, dominates five billion dollars worth of aid from the United States. This is the official figure of two billion dollars. You hear various estimates of five billion dollars, which were used to bolster Khuomintang morale — hence the Khuomintang war economy.

Southern Exposure

In the south, the news is better. The condition of political and economic development varies markedly. The needs of the peasant and working class, militaristic suppression of illegal groups, and economic exploitation of South by North, are the concerns that were used to bolster Khuomintang’s anti-communist campaign.

Outright slavery, for instance, is common in Kuenin, and Kuenin itself, the capital of Khuomintang, has passed a law against it. It is a representative of the OWI I once saw a young boy sold as a slave at a price of $50.

His mother, like many others who sold their children had a large family. The boy, a slave for five years, turned her way and wiped out the poor children who could only feed by selling one.

Future of Slavery

The future of slavery, as I was told, depended upon his characteristics and upon the degree of faith in the Khuomintang Army. Certain Khuomintang officers were waiting upon the authorities, for there was little to be done. A girl, if she was physically superior, was used as a prostitute after having been condemned, but only at the cost of introducing the slave-driver and giving it the proceeds.

Generalized People Arose

But even with all the criminals and criminals, people of the Khuomintang was never able to suppress the people of Pukheh-who liked to call themselves the gentlest people in the world.” Big Sword and Big Gun themselves were among these.

This, the story of Kuantung, is a lesson for the government of the United States, which had hoped to form a Kuantung stronghold dedicated to the defense of forces and the power of the United States in China. Throughout the land and giving it to the people.

They are slaves who fear to speak for the fallen and the weak.” —James Russell Lowell
George Shows Some Aspects of New Union-Busting Law
By TINY TOTT

I was sitting under the hawny tree with large George and small George, watching the kid who had just come up. He was running around watching for some trouble, and when he came up to me, I said, "You're just a little kid!"

"Yeah, and I'm going to show you what I can do," he said.

"What are you going to do?" I asked.

"I'm going to show you what it means to be a big guy!"

I was scared, but I didn't back down. I just stood there and looked at him. He was a little kid, but he had a lot of nerve.

"You're just a little kid," I said.

"And I'm going to show you what it means to be a big guy!"

I was really scared, but I didn't back down. I just stood there and looked at him. He was a little kid, but he had a lot of nerve.

"You're just a little kid," I said.

"And I'm going to show you what it means to be a big guy!"

I was really scared, but I didn't back down. I just stood there and looked at him. He was a little kid, but he had a lot of nerve.

Looking Backward (from page 2)

Gordon was killed in the St. Louis race riot of 1917. He was a prominent young black leader who had recently returned from a trip to Europe. He was killed by a mob of white Germans who were protesting the presence of African Americans in the city. His death was a symbol of the ongoing racial tensions in the United States at the time.

Support the University-Sponsored Swimming Meet

The first round of the competition will be held on February 15th at 2:00 PM. The meet will be held at the University of Hawai'i Aquatic Center. The swimmer who qualifies will then compete in the University of Hawai'i Women's Swimming Invitational on February 22nd at 11:00 AM. The meet will be held at the University of Hawai'i Aquatic Center.

Spread the Word

This meet is sponsored by the University of Hawai'i Aquatic Center and the University of Hawai'i Women's Swimming Invitational. Please share this opportunity with your friends and family.

On a Holiday—St. Patrick's Day

St. Patrick's Day is celebrated in many places around the world, but in Hawaii, it is a special occasion. On this holiday, people gather to eat Irish food, listen to Irish music, and celebrate their Irish heritage.

What's Happening in Big Business Paternalism?

Paternalism refers to the practice of leaders or organizations taking care of their employees' needs and providing them with benefits such as healthcare, retirement plans, and other perks. This practice has been criticized by some for creating a culture of dependency among workers.

Some Highlights at the Trigo-Cureton Fight

The crowd was really excited about this fight! They were cheering for both fighters and it was a fun atmosphere. At the end of the fight, everyone was happy and smiling.

If You Need Something or Want to Sell Something

Let the Record Solve Your Problem
LABOR ROUNDUP

HIGH POINTS OF THE STRIKE PICTURE

Developments came hot and fast in the 11-day period of the waterfront union's strike against the Big Business Team, the $300,000 suit against territorial officials and 39 members of the territorial legislature, the case of the March 12 brawl between the unions, the famous Darrow case, and the strike settled by arbitration.

1. Up to press time negotiations between the I.W.W., the subsidiary union, and the Big Business Team, the mutual agreement between the parties and after a hot session with the government, called for a strike. The strike was called immediately, and a strike, and a strike, with the usual demands for recognition of the Big Business Team, has been agreed to.

2. The strike has been decided upon, and a strike, with the usual demands for recognition of the Big Business Team, has been agreed to.

Another proposal thrown out by the union and now under consideration by the union leaders calls for the union to demand the resignation of all the territorial government officials (day and night workers, etc.) while the dispute concerning the longshoremen is being ironed out.

On the all-important issue of wages, Harry Bridges, president of the union, has called for a proposal by the company, which was not forthcoming.

Resumption of normal talks between the two parties was begun on Sunday of last week. The negotiations were not renewed the day after, and the company offered no further proposals.

On the all-important issue of wages, Bridges has called for a proposal by the company, which was not forthcoming.

Opening of the I.W.W. attorneys was stated as an argument for the recognition of the Big Business Team, and the company's attorneys were instructed to make such an argument.

The judge's refusal for disqualification, agreement was reached in calling for the purpose of announcing another judge in the case because of a possible conflict of interest.

Both judges McLaughlin and Pate were disqualified, but the company's attorneys were instructed to make such an argument.

The possibility of a split opinion in the event the two judges had both been disqualified was not explored.

While these two important developments were occurring in Honolulu, Senator Wayne Morse (R., Ore.) in Washington investigated the Hawaiano company's practices, in connection with the International Corporation of the Day, as the I.W.W. press reported.

The Senator's blast against the letter written by Dwight D. Eisenhower, president of the corporation, came immediately following his release.

The letter attempted to prove that the Senator has made deliberate falsifications against the company's officials. He has also attempted to show that the Senator has made deliberate falsifications against the company's officials.

The Senator has threatened to answer the Senator's letter on the floor. This means that the Senator's letter is as much a threat as the company's officials, and that the Senator's letter is as much a threat as the company's officials.

4. Still further in the next few days this will mean some type of conclusion or settlement of the labor dispute, although it is possible that the strike will continue for some time.

5. Paul Pagan, well known capitalist, issued the statement following the Senator's threat to present the company with a bill for $5,000,000.

The business man also said that in his opinion the I.W.W. workers on the waterfront should be given a wage increase of $1.25.

In the same breath he called the I.W.W. workers "thieves" for not working, and he added that he would like to see the company immediately fire all of them.

The labor situation in the Big Business Team is now in the hands of the company's attorneys and the court.

Confirmation came with the arrival of Frank Pratt of the New York City labor union.
TURNING POINT IN 1909 STRIKE

Ed. Note: This article is taken from a long series, "Looking Backward 50 Years In Hawaii, by Yasutaro Soga, former editor of the Yomiuri Shimbun (now called The Hawaii Times). The series appeared in the Japanese language section of the Hawaii Times. Translation is by Takao and Allan Beckman.

That morning young Mori had unexpectantly met Mr. Sheba on the street. While exchanging a few words of argument, Mori, suddenly beside himself, slashed him frenziedly with a pocket knife.

While they were grappling with each other, covered with blood, an American master who was passing, separated them. Mori was immediately taken to the police station. Sheba was sent to the hospital.

The neck was the most seriously wounded part, but fortunately, the artery had been missed. Do it was not as grave as had been first reported.

Mr. Sheba was hospitalized for about 10 days and there-after, stayed at home for a time.

Until then there had been no illegal act of any kind in this strike. This was the one regrettable exception.

At that time a completely unfounded rumor was circulated that Kusaka Haga, editor of the Shimpou, and Consul-General Uno, as well as being staked by assassins. The government authorities, finding in the Mori case a new pretext to persecute us, again called Morikawa, Nagura, Yamashiro Soga, Tanimura and Komamura—six persons—on the ground of being conspirators in the attempted murder of Sheba. This time we were again released, on bail bond of $600 each.

Young Mori, in this case, was later sent to prison for two years. When his sentence was half served he was set free on condition that he return to Japan. It was reported that he died of illness at Yokohama, after returning to Japan.

In the midst of such disturbances, the Inland-wide Delegation Conference opened. Torakichi Kijuma, of the Preeturian uniten association societies, was elected chairman, Kinshocho Kunimasa of Kouchi, vice chairman and Kiyoh Okawa of Wailanao, secretary. After a week of conference the following resolutions were announced:

1. Delegates from all islands, upon returning home, shall exert every effort to find jobs for those who wish to transfer there.
2. An employment service shall be established at the Wage Increase Association headquarters.
3. The Wage Increase Association shall endeavor to find (more on page 6)

VI. DEPRESSION AND WAR: LABOR WEAKENS ITSELF

I have been forced, reluctantly, to the opinion that when Franklin D. Roosevelt was buried, the power and clout of the very most powerful labor leaders was laid to rest with him. That is the kind of explanation I know for the surprising fact that is now virtual collapse of the top national CIO leadership.

When the CIO was created about 15 years ago, it was believed that its aggressive, realistic program would liberate the unorganized workers. But, for a time this was what it was supposed to do. For a time it was supposed to find Bill Murray and Co. all alone in the union saddle. As it turned out, the CIO has been significantly weakened by the alliance between the two. The CIO has been significantly weakened by the alliance between the two.

The CIO officially backs the domino-talking Truman administration with its program for World War III, if necessary, to bail Big Business out of its difficulties. Murray and his boys have allied themselves with the gigantic trusts and strengthened the hands of those who have been organized labor for years. With them, the CIO has been significantly weakened by the alliance between the two. The CIO has been significantly weakened by the alliance between the two.

The Wagner Act came into being in 1935 under Roosevelt’s program to prevent employers from using power to keep union members from organizing. As for the strength of Big Business, as well as the National Republicans, the CIO is not expected to do much about it, if it cannot adequately protect itself from outside attacks.

Here in Hawaii the ILWU is the barrier to complete dictatorship over the Territory by the Big Business, but they are many right-wing unions have lost the way to resist. They have forgotten they cannot side with the “enemy” and we cannot stand for them.

The top leadership of organized labor backed the Truman doctrine of Europe and Turkey and was then the Marshall plan based on the utilization of colonial slavery by the ruling classes of Western Europe, capital investment, through the exploitation of cheap labor, to sustain the standards of workers in capitalist countries. Today, production and real wages in the Marshall plan countries are still below pre-war level and have been the West Europeans as well as America. Meanwhile, profits remain territory for Wall Street.

By going down the line with un-ionized workers and shaving at the proper times, the unions are, in addition, large and powerful. They are now under attack by the leaders of CIO, Taft-Hartley and a Democratic Congress.

Since the last Congress was in last January, the prophets of the Wallaceites have become painfully true. A CIO-Government Supreme Court and Democratic Congress has failed to repeal it. The basic standards of American workers have been and will be still.