Kauai Fleeting Figures in Honolulu Expose Action against a number of racket operators and racket policemen accused of taking payoffs money for their unlawful, illegal actions. The news was given official notice by the record in the Honolulu Star-Bulletin.

The boy, arrested at the airport early this week on charges of forgery and theft, was identified as Jack Kimo, another witness, a former member of the U.S. Army. He was released from police custody last Friday, following his appearance before a grand jury.

The law group also claimed that the boy, who had been involved in several racketeering cases, had confessed to the forgery and theft charges.

Action on the "suspicious" list is by the city's Attorney General, Tom Clerk, who has been conducting an "informal" investigation for some time. He has ordered the police to stop the boy and his associates.

SPECIAL WRITER

"Loaded Dice" Says One, As Un-American Hearings Close

By STAFF WRITER

The Honolulu Star-Bulletin's "Loaded Dice" column, says the Honolulu News, is a "well-known" serial that has been circulating for some time. It was written by Thomas R. Clark, who is the newspaper's "informal" editor.

The "Loaded Dice" column claims that the boy, whose "suspicious" past was the subject of the grand jury investigation, had confessed to the accomplices.

The column also claimed that the boy had been involved in several racketeering cases.

Bouslog Tells Aala Park Rally Why Clients Refuse to Answer

By SPECIAL WRITER

"My mother is not very well educated," said the 15-year-old boy, "but I do have a clue as to what is going on."

The boy said his mother was a "suspicious" person, and that she had been involved in several racketeering cases.

The column also claimed that the boy had been involved in several racketeering cases.

Judge Towe Rules Law Police Demanded Is Unconstitutional

The "move on" law, passed by the legislature in its last session, which allows police to order anyone to move from any place in the public streets, was declared unconstitutional by Judge Towe. The judge ruled that the law is a violation of the First Amendment's guarantee of free speech.

The "move on" law, which had been challenged by several groups, including the American Civil Liberties Union, was declared unconstitutional by Judge Towe. The judge ruled that the law is a violation of the First Amendment's guarantee of free speech.
Rejuvenated

You were sentencing me to death," cried Boston's crooked politician James M. Curley when he was locked in prison for mail fraud in 1946.

CURLEY was then 71 and mayor of Boston. He had been governor of Massachusetts and a member of Congress. And because of his political influence, he got off with a six to 16 months sentence, and only served half of it. When President Truman commuted his sentence.

Last week the President gave the racketeering politician a full and unconditional pardon, and this was announced as Curley called for Rome on a pilgrimage of the Catholic Church.

THE PARDON covered two separate charges. Once Curley had served a two-year prison term for issuing unregistered securities under the securities act, and another six months for mail fraud and perjury in an examination back in 1903. He has the remarkable record in common with Boston for winning a majority race by campaigning from prison. In 1926 Curley wanted using the mails in ad fraud, and as he and two other captains of crime, got $600,000.

Despite all his cries about a "death" sentence, when Curley came out of prison, he said he felt 10 years younger. Because he has not been deprived of citizenship rights for delinquent crimes, he may still run for a political position.

Sixth Year

President Truman entered his sixth presidential year April 12, and politicians saw him as the number one Democratic presidential nominee of 1956.

As a truism to those who finished his fifth year as President, Truman received a large group from Defense Secretary Louis Johnson and retiring Army Secretary Gordon Greely. A sign outside the day's schedule read: "Join in. Help keep the next Congression session free of the red flags.'

Significantly, the fifth anniversary of the death of Franklin D. Roosevelt passed, and many went to Roosevelt's grave at Hyde Park, N. Y., but not too issue a special statement in rememberance.

Father Duffy, Too

While talk of dismantlement and peace is being sponsored as "communists," reports from Washington said letters from constituents were still pouring into the laps of Congressmen's desks, urging them to up their work for world stability and peace. The letter writers seemed more intimidated by the state of the country and the world, rather than the state of the United States.

FEACE was a word uttered not only by left-wingers, but was getting more and more of a general appeal among people who saw the possibilities of a long and hard line bomb, which some scientists, hard at work to produce this monster of death, reassuringly, would not wipe out mankind.

Many eminent scientists felt differently and last week, one hundred research workers and students at the world-famed Cambridge University, called on Prime Miniser Clement Attlee to condemn the production of the long and hard line bomb.

They said their statement: The "very existence of such bombs would constitute a grave threat to international relations and to the very existence of all human beings in the world. Britain could not expect to suffer more than any other nation in the possession of an atom bomb."

IN WESTERN CANADA, Father Clarence Duffy, Roman Catholic priest, had been arrested for speaking out on the subject of world peace.

Said Father Duffy: "World War III will not come if we Catholics, Protestants, Jews, agnostics and Commmunists get together and say there will be no more war."

Missing

In the Baltic area the U.S.-Soviet relations became more strained as a U.S. Navy pilot, who was shot down by a bomb on the Baltic Sea, crashed in the Baltic Sea, and was rescued by a U.S. aircraft. The U.S. aircraft were looking for a wreckage, but the Soviet Union denied its existence.

A FEW DAYS LATER the Soviet Union officially protested to the U.S. that four armed aircrafts had been shot at Soviet planes over Latvia, when the latter entered the border to land. The Soviet fighters "opened fire in the Baltic Sea. Soviet fighter pilot, A. P. Stepanov, shot down by U.S. bomber turned toward the sea and disappeared."

U.S. authorities denied that the bomber had landed on Soviet soil. Some said the bomber was unarmored. Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, the air attaché of the U.S. ambassador in London, denied that the U.S. aircraft were looking for wreckage of Soviet territory and the bomber's remains in the Baltic Sea.

Search for the missing bomber and its 11-man crew was carried out on all week in the

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World Summary

In the Baltics the area where the Soviet report said the U.S. bomber and the Russian fighter had been changed fire. In Washington the State Department would not comment on the incident. Soviet fighter pilot, A. P. Stepanov, shot down by U.S. bomber turned toward the sea and disappeared.

The Soviet Union has denied that the bomber had landed on Soviet soil. Some said the bomber was unarmored. Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, the air attaché of the U.S. ambassador in London, denied that the U.S. aircraft were looking for wreckage of Soviet territory and the bomber's remains in the Baltic Sea.

Search for the missing bomber and its 11-man crew was carried out on all week in the

HONOLULU RECORD
April 20, 1950

The murderers were active in Demo-

Fearless and Independent

The RECORD

The Recorder

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Fearsless and Independent

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World War II

The world was never in a more dangerous situation, as the Cold War heated up, and the arms race continued.

AN UNUSUAL tension crept into the White House press conference as reporters questioned President Truman what the federal government proposed to do about the Kansas City murder.

In response to the questions was the common knowledge that Truman was a product of Kansas City. There is no indication that Truman state there was a federal government proposal to do anything about the Kansas City murder.

In an even tone, perhaps calmer than usual, the President said the murder would be handled independently by the attorney general. But he said the grand jury investigation of the Kansas City police was started at his own suggestion.

Threat of Unemployment

A pick up in recent trends of business was contrasted with a continued threat of serious unemployment in a report sent to Congress April 18 by President Truman's Council of Economic Advisers.

The council reported an "absence of demand pressure" for new trends of business was contrasted with a continued threat of serious unemployment in a report sent to Congress April 18 by President Truman's Council of Economic Advisers.

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EDITORIAL COMMENT

TOOL OF SPECIAL INTERESTS

Can you name one instance of the un-American Activities Committee investigating anything to do with big business? NO.

The duPont-L. O. Faibon cartel which helped build Nazi Germany for war has been a sacred cow of the un-American Activities Committee.

Southerners who lynch Negroes, terrorize them, refuse to let them eat in restaurants or ride in the same coaches, are not investigated. But every time the committee starts on a probe, there is a special interest group or element behind it.

Very few people need to be told, if they calmly think over it, that during the past months the Big Five, controlled legislature and the bar association urged the committee to come here to investigate. The notoriety is that this was done during the H-N-U-W war. Weird coincidences about which these groups were pro-employer and anti-labor.

The un-American Activities Committee has shown through the conduct of its hearings, that it was interested in weakening the H-N-U-W by trying to discredit its leaders.

We remember that during the war, after the 110,000 people of Japanese ancestry were removed from the West Coast on faithful, the anti-Japanese sentiments turned to the un-American Activities Committee.

J. Parnell Thomas then sped to Los Angeles and as soon as he reached the Biltmore Hotel he began issuing press statements and the newspapers screamed with such headlines as:

"Stop Freeing Interned Japs!"


Both of these appeared in the Los Angeles Herald Express on May 26, respectively. But Thomas, who had not visited a single relocation center or been within a 100-mile radius of one, had a lot of lies that he fed the press, as though he had gotten the information third-hand.

Rep. John Rankin, member of the committee, was appealing on the floor of Congress for an alliance between the anti-Negro South and the anti-Oriental West. He said, "It is an open secret that the present committee has that it has no Thomas and no Hankin. But it has Rep. Wood of Georgia as chairman." It was Rep. Wood who last summer requested lists of relaxation from numerous universities, colleges and high schools. This was condemned by educators and leading thinkers in our country.

Dr. Mildred McAffee Horton, then president of Western College, quoted in the present committee as the one incident of "the fear which permeates our modern age."

She further said that Americans today are surrounded by "red-bangers and mass-haters." I don't pretend to know whether or not the government's secret vice-tellers will be tinctured, but it is hard not to be tinctured with suspicion, at least, of queerness, at worst, of un-Americanism.

The chief Attorney General J. Howard McGrath said Congress should lay off Red probes and stick to legislation.

The un-American committee has the distinction of coming up with the weakest legislative recommendations. But when it does, it seldom goes astir from them.

In 1947 it proposed that all foreign language newspapers be published in translations of everything they printed, in the adjoining columns. That, it seemed, would have wiped out practically all the foreign language press, for the cost alone would have been prohibitive.

Who was behind this? Our free English press, or did the committee see "red" in the languages of our alien population?

Stinbahn's Try

(from page 1)

It was decided to have a "new election" for the National Democratic Party, and to take all the candidates in all precincts into the primary. There is no likelihood that any postponement or new election will take place to matter how near the governor's election," an official of the party informed the RECORD.

Installment buying reached $15 million in 1950, more than $2 billion above the 1949 figure.

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Pleasanton's Racist Policy Has "Economic" Excuse

(from page 1)

spite of the protests of some white groups.

"Police are always coming in here andearing the stolen," he says. "There can't be any loss if these cars are stolen. They are not insured."

GETS BIPARTISAN JOB—Republican policy foreman specialist Joseph N. Tomlinson has been appointed an adviser to Senator Thomas. Here he breaks the news to the reporters at a press conference in his New York home.

Teachers Threaten Mass Resignation

BERKELEY, Calif. (Pp)—The University of California faculty stand against the special loyalty oath ordered by the board of regents was reaffirmed at two large mass meetings here, held separately by the Associated Students and by 700 teachers.

At the same time, the Nonsense Academic Employees announced that if the regents do not drop the ultimatum that all university employees sign the oath by April 30 or be fired, "a solemn agreement of non signers and signers alike has been made to resist any signers in the university's oath requirements are re-

Non-signers in the Academic Senate, which comprises the tenured professors, have decided to resign in a body on April 30 if the oath is not dropped. It is rumored that President Robert F. Grewenow, who as a regiment has opposed the special oath, may go with them.

The regents claim only 12 per cent of the university's employees have not signed, but this number consists of non-faculty employees, including file clerks and janitors. There were 230 and 25 percent of the faculty has refused. It is said that if the signers was also quit as a protest if the regents hold to their position.

"It looks as if doctily were being prepared for the academic identification for a professorship," Don Neel Hiseh of the College of Chemistry said. "So a different kind of professor will be teaching at the university, and if that is what the people of California really want, they are going to get it. If not, they will do it to say so now."

Mayor Wins

(from page 1)

improper, or over-expensive, but neither the people's attitude nor the attorney general's office, represented in the case by Maurice Nayerman, pleads that the mayor is not a taxpayer as he believes he is a taxpayer as he believes he is a taxpayer. The Territorial highway fund.

On this Mayor Wilson had argued that he did pay the gaso-

line tax to the company from which he purchased his car. There are lines and that the company in turn pays it into the Territorial highway fund. Matthewman agreed with Wilson's reasoning.

Citing many legal opinions, including the opinion of Justice Madison Baker, Mathewman held that the suit of Second Ward John Wilson for an injunction in a dispute over the highway fund, though one by Mayor Wilson would lose. real estate

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The RECORD

The Most Talked About

Hosukia Weekly
In the Star-Bulletin, the story of the Japanese labor movement was the focus. The headline read, "Towse Rules Out Law Police Asked." A picture of the Japanese workers in the fields accompanied the story.

The story mentioned that the ILWU and HCLG workers had been arrested for "protesting in violation of a counterculture." The ILWU had called for a strike in support of the Japanese workers, and the HCLG had joined in. The story went on to say that the labor leaders had met with the police and agreed to disband the strike. However, the workers continued to protest, and the police arrested several of them.

The story also mentioned that the strike had been called in response to the arrest of several Japanese workers for "protesting in violation of a counterculture." The workers had been planning to march to the Japanese consulate to demand their release. The police had intercepted the march and arrested several of the workers.

The story concluded by saying that the workers were still planning to protest, and that the strike would continue until their demands were met. The workers were demanding the release of the arrested workers and the rescinding of the strike ban.

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The story concluded by saying that the workers were still planning to protest, and that the strike would continue until their demands were met. The workers were demanding the release of the arrested workers and the rescinding of the strike ban.
Civil Service Commission Denies Frank Hoop's Appeal By 2 To 1

In a brief filed in accordance with the commission's rules, the appellant said that he had, the day after the hearing, received the unconditional

She also argued in the brief that the commission is "an institution established by the commonwealth to control the conduct of human affairs in the Commonwealth" because he worked in an agency that administers a law that allows the dismissal of employees for any reason or for any cause.

The commission's decision, however, was that whether or not one of the defendants, by a majority vote, to a majority vote, the case was returned to the courts.

Mrs. Hoop said, following the commissioners' final action, that she does not know whether or not she will take the appeal to the courts.

To The Editor...

Editor, Honolulu Record:

KINDLY publish the following letter to the Honolulu City Council General, and your report on the subject, with the hope that it will be published. In this connection, the citizens of the Philippines are grateful to the government for its timely assistance during the recent civil disturbances in the islands. We appreciate the efforts of the government in this regard.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

Honolulu, Hawaii

WASHINGON PAPER

THE REASON FOR PRISONS

The dictionary definition of "prison" is "a place of confinement or restraint." This is the essence of imprisonment. It is by no means a place of comfort, but a place where the individual is subjected to physical and mental hardships.

Prisons are necessary in a society to maintain order and ensure the safety of the public. They are a symbol of the power and authority of the state.

However, the use of prisons should be minimized as much as possible. The alternative to imprisonment should be community-based programs that provide education, employment, and rehabilitation services to offenders.

The time has come to recognize that the goal of prison should be the rehabilitation of offenders, not merely their punishment. We must also ensure that prisons are safe and humane environments for those who are confined within them.

President

WASHINGTON POST

THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO PRIVACY

The Constitution of the United States guarantees the right of privacy to all citizens. The Fourth Amendment provides that "The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized."

This provision has been interpreted to mean that the government may not intrude on the personal lives of citizens without a warrant, except in cases of emergency or when there is probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed.

The right to privacy is a fundamental aspect of American democracy, and it is essential to the protection of individual freedoms.

Edward R. Tarr, Associate Justice

763 Cities Minus U.S. Rent Control

The cities of Los Angeles, New York, and Chicago, among other cities, have eliminated rent control as a means of providing affordable housing for low-income residents. Rent control has been in place in these cities for many years, but it has become clear that it is not an effective solution to the housing crisis.

Rent control limits the amount that landlords can charge tenants for rent, which can make it difficult for landlords to invest in the maintenance of their properties. It also encourages the proliferation of illegal rent control practices, such as "rent affordable housing for low-income residents. Rent control has been in place in these cities for many years, but it has become clear that it is not an effective solution to the housing crisis.

Rent control limits the amount that landlords can charge tenants for rent, which can make it difficult for landlords to invest in the maintenance of their properties. It also encourages the proliferation of illegal rent control practices, such as "rent stabilization." These practices can lead to the deterioration of housing stock and the displacement of tenants.

LA Times

The content of this image is a page from a newspaper. The page includes articles on various topics, including an appeal to the Civil Service Commission and a discussion of the right to privacy. The text is written in English and appears to be a mix of news articles and editorial pieces. The layout is typical of a newspaper, with headlines and paragraphs of text.
Bouslog Explains Clients' Refusal To Answer Queries

(from page 1)

working papers, he said. It came as a result of a resolution passed by a Republican legislature."

Congressional investigations are conducted in a manner similar to the un-American Activities Committee. In 1938, the investigating committee was disbanded due to lack of evidence and the lack of a quorum. The HLAD and the LDWU, the two labor organizations involved in the case, have been accused of being fronts for Communist organizations.

Describing the tactics of the government investigators, Mr. Bouslog said: "If you say 'yes,' the next thing you know, you're an armed robber. If you say 'no,' you are forced to give your answer to all others." 

Legal Grounds Strong

"In my opinion, the tactics of the government investigators are not only a waste of time and energy but a waste of public funds," he said. "They are using the legal system to achieve their political ends."

Legal Grounds Strong

"In my opinion, the tactics of the government investigators are not only a waste of time and energy but a waste of public funds," he said. "They are using the legal system to achieve their political ends."

Giving something of the history of the investigations, Mr. Bouslog told how the government investigated a number of organizations, including the HLAD and the LDWU, in 1938 for irregularities in their financial records. "It was all part of the Red-baiting campaign," he said. "The government was using the legal system to make it appear that it was doing something to combat Communism."

Describing the tactics of the government investigators, Mr. Bouslog said: "If you say 'yes,' the next thing you know, you're an armed robber. If you say 'no,' you are forced to give your answer to all others."

Actual work done by the HLAD toward realization of civil rights in Hawaii was minimal, Mr. Bouslog said. "Morris Murray, vice chairman, was the only active member," he said. "The American citizen of Japanese ancestry, Mr. Bouslog said." Mr. Bouslog also stated that the HLAD was not a legal organization, and that the government was using the legal system to make it appear that it was doing something to combat Communism.

The HLAD was dissolved in 1938, and the LDWU was dissolved in 1942. "If you want to get back to the democracy of Franklin Delano Roosevelt," Mr. Bouslog said, "you will have to testify before the committee."

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Witnesses State Their Position

JACK HALL:
"The American hearings are merely a part of a coordinated national campaign to ex-credit the ILWU.

The rest of the plot includes the fourth round of the Teamster and national CIO raids, an avalanche of legislation and an international propaganda campaign."

"If any person subject to investigation before the House Committee, has committed any offenses, he would not be able to escape the citizen's oath." I believe that this country of ours is abundantly endowed with wealth so that there is no need for a just society, and the upperclassmen. I will do my best to preserve and extend the law."

ADELE KENSINGER:
"I wish to state that I have lived in Honolulu for almost thirty years. I have been a resident of the island of Oahu, although I was born in the State of Illinois, of Scotch and English ancestry, and my parents were of Scottish ancestry, and grew up on the plains of Wisconsin. I have been a resident of the island of Oahu, Hawaii. I have been a resident of the island of Oahu, Hawaii. I have been a resident of the island of Oahu, Hawaii.

The American people are unprepared, unprepared, unprepared, unprepared."

FRANKLY SPEAKING

JEANETTE (JACK) REMOTO:
"I believe I am one of the targets of the Big Five because I have not been a member of any union, or a member of any organization."

Others have been accused of being communists or similar offenses, and I am here to save these people."

DENNIS JACOBY REMOTO:
"I believe I am one of the targets of the Big Five because I have not been a member of any union, or a member of any organization."

Other people have been accused of being communists or similar offenses, and I am here to save these people."

More On Smythe

EFFORT that the job should have been given to some capable person who has been nominated for it."

Mrs. Smythe, when the BCC was established last year, was most cordially welcomed. "Who could have thought anything could be accomplished with a Committee of the Whole?"

"I didn't think she would stay there..."

U.S. exports of industrial ma-chinery dropped from 17 million dollars in December 1949 to 7 million dollars in January 1950.
RUSSIAN IMMIGRANTS --- 1910

(PART OF A SERIES)

Hardy had the 400 Russian of the Iuriev immigration, been ordered back to Quarantine Island within 246 arrived on the SS Korea, accompanied by an interpreter named Koshinsky. There was nothing about them, but from the papers brought in the Russian, showing the identity of the mouth, he had taken on that Koshinsky, because to find out why the Russians were there wore suits.

Russians are said to be a very adaptable people. Mr. Koshinsky, after little there in Hawaii, was asked to act as a liaison officer from Bishop Street: Conditions were O.K. and all trouble was due to an agitator. This "socialistic agitator," said Koshinsky, had written out a complaint and got in touch with Makaweli to sign it, but actually, the 12 were sentenced without convictions.

NACHIRN WAS PETTY CHRISTIAN

Two days later, Narchin and four of the 12 arrived in Honolulu and called Koshinsky a liar.

From newspaper accounts, Nachrin was, in fact, an agitator of note, but far from being a coolhead, he seems to have been a good pet of the petty chisel variety of capitalist. In Manchuria, he had kept a questionable "hotel." At Pahoa, Kauai, he had been arrested and sold for selling bliss, and at Makaweli, he also dealt in liquor. When serious agitation begins, Nachrin drops out of the news, and leadership goes to men of a different caliber.

Chief among them was one Vassell or Vaile of Vassell or Vassell, the police had difficulty in spelling by calling him Vasel. The Advertiser describes him thus:

"An eloquent speechmaker, who has clean, white, tender hands---and yet was well dressed as compared to the rest. He was here, fare paid, under the fraudulently pretense that he was a laborer. It appears easily able to sway the ignorant masses by a bit of jargon oratory. He was fired from a Hawaii plantation, because he preferred

for the underdog are few indeed!

As for the committee, one may say that it is legal—just as legal as the Republican and the Democratic Parties. But to admit membership or even association with Communists means blacklisting, for what the law cannot do, hears in such as those held here for two weeks may do. For those fingered have been pictured as "friendly" witnesses as "un-American" and to be treated as outcasts by their neighbors.

As for the Hawaii Civil Liberties Committee, it does not seem odd to us that its members refuse to admits membership in the organization before the Congress committee. Former Attorney General Cox has called the HCLC as "subversive" and there is no doubt that the Congressional probe proceeds from that premise.

The RECORD has covered the activities of the HCLC and goes on to say that it has fought consistently for civil rights of individuals and against racial discrimination.

Aside from legal considerations, denial of membership in the HCLC for example, before a committee, which regards the organization "subversive," would actually mean an indirect condemnation of the group that can lead only to smear and dismashing it.

And this in such a time when organizations fighting for the underdog are few indeed!

Looking Backward

Frankly Speaking

BY FRANK MARSHALL DAVIS

UN-AMERICAN QUESTIONS

Several interesting questions have been raised as a result of the un-American hearings. A big one is: "When a "Communist meeting" steps into a "Communist meeting" what then?"

You will recall that Lloyd M. Biebelings, confessed enemy of the U.S., was arrested for perjury. Their defense offered was that he attended "Communist Party meetings" in an upstairs back room of the Star-Bulletin building, which was "one of the Communist stores." Among those he said attended was Mrs. Hollingsworth, a former congressman. This might have gone into the records as a "Communist meeting" and those in attendance labeled as "party members." But it had not. Mrs. Hollingsworth told the committee that she was there to attend a cock-tail party given by the owners of the store and that she did not recall attending any Communist party meetings. I have seen no evidence that the Star-Bulletin was one of the Communist stores.

Did Rep. Walter Forget?"

Question No. 3: Why did Acting Chairman Frank Marshall Davis order the destruction of dossiers.

Dossiers of Communists who before his committee were described as "privileged" and such information could not be used in any subsequent prosecution.

According to Judge John Albert Matthews, the "un-American" is the one who, as the law states, was convicted of espionage, who occupied a "confidential position" and who has "evidence sufficient to warrant a conviction on indictment.

Did Rep. Walter, a competent lawyer, forget the 3rd in the U.S. code in his redaction? A legal man to get Mr. Brustow into the records?

Was HCLC, on its organization in Hawaii fighting for the preservation and extension of civil rights, placed on White Supremacist Tom Gock's "communist" list? Is the HCLC, fights for the plain people and therefore incurred the enmity of the F.B.I.? Just as many, the so-called "subversive" so it would be fair game for the un-American investigation, planned a conference of the state's attorney general.

Question No. 4: How much respect have the Hawaii civil liberties organizations and their leaders, they were described as "two jokers. Simple and gullible, not knowing the difference between a party as one with outback without testifying or ambitions and agitators, dreaming vagabon, row dreams of quick advances.

The Lesson of Harry Bridges

Question No. 4: since the issuance of subversive announcement that no one in this state was guilty of the hearings, just who was to be put on the spot, what record, other than his refusal to testify, did that group have?

Of course they could not hold out their associates, and for some reason, by the un-Americans on the left who fired in the pockets of the unions. But it was to be put on the spot, what record, other than his refusal to testify, did that group have?

Of course they could not hold out their allies, and for some reason, by the un-Americans on the left who fired in the pockets of the unions. But it was to be put on the spot, what record, other than his refusal to testify, did that group have? Of course they could not hold out their allies, and for some reason, by the un-Americans on the left who fired in the pockets of the unions. But it was to be put on the spot, what record, other than his refusal to testify, did that group have?

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