SMITH ACT TRIAL:

Defense Rests After Fifty Witnesses; FBI Wire-Tap, Van Dorn’s Lies Barred

The defense in the Hawaii Smith Act trial rested its case Tuesday afternoon after putting on its 50th witness, former Federal Judge Delbert K. Metzger, who testified to the good reputation of defendant Jack Hall.

The prosecution will begin its rebuttal this morning as the trial goes into its 29th week.

The chief witness of the former chief judge of this Federal district dismissed the last few days of the defense case which were highlighted by its attorneys’ vigorous objections and persistent efforts to bring evidence before the jury to show the rigged nature of the prosecution’s case against seven defendants.

Judge Jon Wilg mes de-

m

The defense motion for the court to inquire into the wire- tapping of the telephone in the house of District Attorney E. Oliva was (on page 4)

JUDGE METZGER

Wires From Hawaiian Ask Administration To Drop Case Against Bridges

Hawaii ILWU units flooded Washington, D.C., with protest demands yesterday when they went out on strike during the past week.

The strike was called after the governor issued an executive order to terminate the ILWU Local 12, Unit 32, laborers, whose strike had been ordered by the International Longshoremen’s Association.

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Progress Report of HRA Shows Slum

In Mid-Town Is Next Point of Focus

With only $5,875 being put up locally, the Honolulu Redevelopment Agency said that the heart of a slum

project in Kalihi Valley indicates a Federal grant of $435,000.

The project, located in the area designated as "Blighted Area No. 1," is to be completed in 1955.

The city of Honolulu is to move all structures that are not safe and sanitation problems.

The project is expected to begin in the Spring of 1955.

Steps Completed

1. Approval of all survey, site selection, and plans by the Federal Division of Site, Clearance, and Urban Rehabilitation.

2. Approval of Final Development Plan by the City Planning Board, and the city engineer.

3. Approval of the project by the Board of Supervisors.

The public hearing on the plan was held in the Board of Supervisors' meeting on March 26, 1953.

Maui Briefs

by EDDIE UJIMOTO

First it was Supervisor John Budig, who considered the "watchdog" for the county,

and Chairman of the State Housing Authority.

Then it was Mayor Manuel Rodgers who is watching the forbearance to the Federal government.

At the last meeting of the Board of Supervisors, the budget was increased by $5,000 to cover the cost of the survey.

Police and civil service employees received $1,000 to $2,000 to cover the cost of the survey.

The survey is expected to be completed by the end of the year.

ILWU Softball League Gets Union's Athletic Program Underway

Longshoremen of the ILWU and CPC Club 50 met at the recently opened ILWU Longshoremen's Union Hall.

A brief opening ceremony preceded the first game, which was played at 9 a.m. at the University of Hawaii campus.

Three teams participated in the league: the Longshoremen, the CPC Club 50, and the University of Hawaii faculty.

The Longshoremen won the first game with a score of 13-7.

The league is expected to continue throughout the summer.

HKEA Accepts "Deal" To Cut Three Holidays

Districts meeting closed doors, GOA and the American Federation of Labor have agreed to a "package deal" that would include the loss of three holidays for government workers.

The deal would have included an actual pay cut in positions to be "red circled" by future negotiations.

The details of the agreement were not published in the news.

JAPANESE PRINCE IS AGAINST WAR

The nobility in Japan is divided over peace talks. "All are captives of the present situation in Japan and abroad. A prince Mikasa wrote in the December 1953 Kaiyo magazine, which appears to be a combination of the Atlantic Monthly's literary quality and the nation's traditional views, an article titled: "Youth, Do Not Take In "Anthem," an anti-rearmament sentiment is strong in Japan.

Honolulu Record Published Every Thursday

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Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Honolulu, Hawaii, under the Act of March 3, 1919.
Crozier Speaks On T. H. Economy At "Magsaysay for President" Rally

The "Magsaysay for President" campaign started summy night with a meeting of Filipinos at Ana Pahat.

E. A. Takos, local businessman, organized the meeting, which was followed by others.

Speakers stressed the corruption in the current Philippine government and the need for a new leader. They concluded with a call for new leadership.

The rally was well attended, with a large crowd turning out to support the candidate. The atmosphere was charged with excitement and anticipation.

Among the Politicians

U. S. Should Pay Nisel $15,000,000 At Once, Frauds Magazine Says

Eleven years after the agreement was reached, the United States still owes the Philippines $15,000,000, according to a columnist for the Frauds Magazine. The writer stated that "The U.S. has been stalling for years in paying the Nisel settlement, which was agreed to by both countries in 1921." The columnist urged that the settlement be paid in full as soon as possible.

OHRT APPOINTMENT TO RETIREMENT BD.

Opposed in Memo

In a recent memo, John Ohrt, the current director of the agency, opposed the appointment of the new director. Ohrt's memo cited various reasons for his opposition, including concerns about the nominee's qualifications and experience.

TERRITORIAL EMPLOYES NOT COVERED BY BONDS; THREE BIDS ARE CONSIDERED

The Territorial Employes are not covered by bonds, as three bids are considered.

One direct loan, not covered by bond, was that of about $7,000, reported by Le SHORT, the new school board, during the "uncovered" period for the year ending June 30. The report is still before the board for action.

The board has not yet acted on the report, but it is expected that action will be taken soon.

Prison's "Unwritten" Rules Unearthed,

Make 49 "Escape" More Embarrassing

In a recent investigation, it was revealed that the prison had a set of "unwritten" rules that were not officially documented. The report stated that these rules were used to control the prisoners and make escape attempts more difficult.

Dr. L. H. Young, who conducted the investigation, stated that these rules were not known to the prisoners and that they were used to make escape attempts more difficult.

Prison has to follow the regulations set by the government, which are meant to ensure the safety of both inmates and staff. The investigation concluded that the prison should be held accountable for these "unwritten" rules.

The investigation was also conducted to ensure the safety of the inmates, as previous attempts to escape had resulted in injuries and deaths.

Inmates were reported to be upset with the findings, as they felt that their rights were being violated. The prison administration is currently looking into the matter to ensure that the inmates' rights are being respected.

PSYCHIATRIST MAKES STUDY OF PRISONERS' PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEMS

In an effort to understand the psychological problems of inmates, Dr. L. H. Young, a psychiatrist, conducted a study. The study revealed that many inmates had experienced trauma and psychological problems, which were contributing to their criminal behavior.

The study also highlighted the need for better mental health services within the prison system, as many inmates were not receiving the care they needed.

The findings of the study will be used to improve the mental health services within the prison, as well as to raise awareness about the psychological problems of inmates.

Inmates were reportedly pleased with the findings, as they felt that their needs were being acknowledged. The administration is currently looking into the matter to ensure that the inmates' rights are being respected.

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Defense Rests After Fifty Witnesses; FBL Wire-Tap, Van Dorn's Lies Barred

(from page 1)

Eileen Pujimoto in 1948, which falls within the period of the indictment. In the face of this fact, the defense had asked the court to dismiss the case but, as in the case of the Pujimotos, the judge refused to accept the defense's motion.

Defendant Attorney Richard Gladstein argued that the judge should dismiss the case because Van Dorn was a member of the Nisei community and that he was excluded from the trial. The judge ruled that Van Dorn was a member of the community and that the defense had failed to prove its case.

FBI wire-tap recordings and Van Dorn's lies barred

The ILWU and the pineapple companies of Hawaii reached agreement on the April 12, 1948, strike. The agreement was reached after more than 30 days of talks and a total of 700 for each hospitalization; an allowance of $200 for each hospitalization; and an allowance of $100 for each emergency hospital stay.

Diagnostic X-Ray and Laboratory: An allowance of $250 for each illness.

Medical Visits: $3 for each medical visit on or after the date of the visit.

Defendants: Jack H. Kawano, secretary, and Thomas H. Okada, chief nurse. They were charged with embezzlement.

Defendant Attorney Richard Gladstein asked the judge to dismiss the case because the defendants were not members of the community and that the defense had failed to prove its case.

Medical Plan Major Gain for Pine Workers; Encouraged by Peaceful Settlement—Hall

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Waialua Workers Face Lockout With Unity

possibly all out, provided they are in sympathy with the union. The workers are facing a tough strike, and the company is determined to use all its resources to break the workers' resolve.

Proceedings at the hearing included a series of motions by the union's attorney. The union's position was that the company had not shown good faith in its negotiations, and that the lockout was a violation of the workers' rights.

The company's attorney argued that the workers had refused to accept the company's proposals, and that the lockout was a necessary measure to protect the company's interests.

As the hearing continued, the tension grew. The workers were determined to hold out, even if it meant a long and arduous struggle. The company was equally determined to see the workers break through their resolve.

At the end of the hearing, the mediator announced his decision. The workers were granted an extension of their contract for six months, with the company agreeing to negotiate in good faith. The lockout was called off, and the workers rejoiced in their victory.

The outcome of the hearing was a significant victory for the workers. It demonstrated the workers' determination to stand up for their rights, and the company's willingness to negotiate in good faith. This was a turning point in the workers' struggle, and they went on to win a number of important victories in the years to come.

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Lockout Committee includes: (Chairman) Abel Viedra, head of the transportation committee; (standing, l. to r.), Frank Passos, police committee chief; Joe Lunasco, chairman of Unit 41 and of the Lockout Committee, and Joseph Morita, relief committee chairman. Not in the photograph are the following committee members: Takahashi Oku, publicist; Coleto Brown, manager; Massau Yano, secretary, and Flesno Labrador and Masahiko Nekoto, secretary and head accountant respectively, of the Lockout Committee.

"We're not against mechanization, don't misunderstand us," says Morita. "But we say we have a contract and we have a right to negotiate working conditions. The workers produce sugar cane and bring profits to the company. The company says that and here is a letter that says so, from the manager's own mouth."

Copies of a letter of the manager of Anderson, which Morita referred to, were sent to businessmen and professional people of Waialua. The letter was dated January 1, 1955, and referred to the wage issue.

"We're not against mechanization, don't misunderstand us," says Morita. "But we say we have a contract and we have a right to negotiate working conditions. The workers produce sugar cane and bring profits to the company. The company says that and here is a letter that says so, from the manager's own mouth."

"We were not against mechanization, but we misunderstood us," says Morita. "But we say we have a contract and we have a right to negotiate working conditions. The workers produce sugar cane and bring profits to the company. The company says that and here is a letter that says so, from the manager's own mouth."

Joe Insogna, who was present at the hearing, said that he was satisfied with the outcome. "I think it was a fair decision," he said. "The workers have been given a chance to negotiate, and I think they will make the most of it."
ILLEGAL LUGGAGE. As production of gold is supposed to be a privilege of residents, it is not understood from a West Coast friend that gold pieces are selling in San Francisco at their original value—partly for ornaments and pure gold, which they think they'll always be of value and that maybe it's the only way the city can be controlled. Following is the market of gold (curt cost, of course) quotations on gold coins in San Francisco:

| Gold Coin | Price
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**AN ITEM in Kraus's column of not too long ago reminded us of the upsurge in "haole" slang, which slang, as we all know, has its admirers in the Hawaiian language. It is evident that while all haole knows what "haole" means, not all Honolulu know what haole means. Stavy? Or do you need it spelled out?

**HERES THE KIND of democracy that the state of James J. Eastland.

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A MAN MUST STAND UP

"I AM SURE..."

"Two weeks of press build-up and suspensie followed Governor Stonebraker's Armistice Day speech in which he promised a purge of Territorial employees. "The belief that a purge is in the offing," Stonebraker said in the news conference, was 'completely groundless,' and he accused reporters of "spreading rumors" to get the report in the newspapers." [from page 1]

Wires From Hawaii Ask Administration To Drop Case Against Bridges

Not a word was said in the charges against me or in the hearing, some say, because I lost my case over 30 years ago with the DPL, and in my case 15 years ago.

To add a touch of the ridiculous, Mr. Ackerman also accused us of being "in cahoots" as well as we were members of a "secret, underground society existing in the Territory of Hawaii, unlawfully without license." He was referring to the foundation, the Inter-Island Party and setting forth the things usually alleged against that party, the documents, but in no way suggesting membership in the group. However, he alleged "we are "not possessed of the ideals of the United States," were of helpful and loyal and should be fined "for the benefit of the DPL."" [from page 1]

Beebe, Cades, Tavases Top Lobbyists

The term "invisible government" was first applied to the Big Five's control of Hawaii by Henry Cabot Lodge in 1901. But that term is now being used to describe a certain section of the legislature. Since 1931, when I last exhibited before the legislature, the Big Five has been led by Will F. Beebe, Cades, Tavares, and Leavitt.

Not a Word Against 36 Years of Teaching

Sylvia Appeared Ignorant of Our Own History

Small Fry Too

Charles Kendall of the Hawaii Labor Government employees advertised their candidates for the House and Senate, including one from the Democratic Party, who is running for office on the island of Maui. He believes that the labor movement is as strong as ever, and that the Big Five cannot be defeated.

Kona People, History Helped Defeat Kileman

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Cattle Pen Project

It is not often that one has a chance to work on a project that will benefit the whole of the state. The Kona People, History Helped Defeat Kileman project is one such opportunity.

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**The Post-Gazette Call:**

(Because of its length, only excerpts from the Pittsburgh Post-Gazette editorial, which appeared December 8, 1955, have not been altered by the omissions.)

"Isn't this an appropriate time to ask ourselves, as Americans, if we still believe in what the Bill of Rights stands for, or if we admire it as an heirloom?"

"For it provides that: congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances."

"That abridging of the right of free speech is prohibited without equivocation. There is no exception which would sanction its denial to Communists or those men who hold views which may be regarded as 'controversial.'"

"The men who wrote the Bill of Rights said straight out that there shall be no restriction of the right of the people peaceably to assemble. They did not grant to self-appointed vigilantes the right to harry and assault those who rather to espouse unpopular causes."

"All these rights are granted to Americans without condition. The Bill of Rights left no loopholes through which Congress or any authority—duy constituted or otherwise—may pass. It is a joinseed 160 years that there has been a nibbling away at these basic rights."

"Historically, the children and grandchildren of men who have fought to overthrow tyranny become gradually less aware of the freedom their forefathers have secured for them. But when allowance has been made for this traditional process—the almost hysterical attack on civil liberties through the years, the attack is encompassing."

"There is no longer a nibbling at the Bill of Rights, but a thrust to engulf and destroy it. Reasons for this situation must be sought elsewhere."

"The real explanation of this threat to American traditions of freedom is in the ruthless exploitation of the Communist and other totalitarianism. The threat lies in the growing influence, the growing power, the growing strength, and the growing activity of those whose object is the destruction of freedom, but the discovery of mass destruction weapons. Subversion and espionage do become more frightening than ever when the essential tools are so easily obtained from abroad."

"But subversion and espionage are not the concern of most of these political opportunists. They do not deal with overt acts of treason, which the law recognizes and punishes. They take small measures of what they regard as 'tactically sound.'"

"The basic of McCarthyism is confusion, not enlightenment. Its purpose is not to rout out such subversives as may have found their way into government, but to create the impression of the need to protect the safeguards of the freedoms our forefathers have provided for them."

"It is not the enterprising government and elsewhere, who hold a wide variety of opinions, are traitorous."

"There is any indication that those who make a practice of confusion will give it up voluntarily just because a Republican administration is coming into power? Not on the strength of their own words since the November elections."

"Senator McCarthy licks his chops at the prospect of raising the security files of the FBI. Representative Harold H. Veile, the Illinois Republican who will become chairman of the House Committee on un-American Activi-

"ties, thinks that group has moved too slowly in recent years. He would go faster and farther. He is particularly anxious to combat what he describes as the insidious spread of subversive influences, Senator Pat McCarran, Nevada Democrat, also has his sights trained on schools and colleges."

"The ultimate aim of many of these congressional invasions is to confuse and divide the American people. They are intended only as the three exchange of ideas and information, to intimidate all criticism of political, economic and social orthodoxy, to take the guts and meaning out of the Bill of Rights."

"There is no truer an heirloom than that this nation should stand in danger of destroying the free process by which it has become great, in the name of protecting its greatness and freedom."

"The fresh air of freedom is as essential to the protection of the spirit of the Bill of Rights against those who would undermine it as are thermopane and a purified helium atmosphere to preserving the paper on which it is printed."