Biological Science Courses Emphasizing Human Biology/Development

There are two biological science prerequisites that prospective undergraduate social work students must fulfill: 1) a UHM biological science requirement that is part of the General Education Core Requirements, and 2) a biological science requirement that is part of the School of Social Work Knowledge Base emphasizing human biology/development.

Some courses may also be “double-dipped,” i.e., one course used to meet both the UHM and SSW requirements. The UHM biological science class must be passed with a grade of D or better, while the SSW biological science course must be passed with a grade of C or better. (Neither a D- nor a C-, respectively, are acceptable. A double-dipped course – one used to satisfy both requirements – must be passed with a C or better.) Always check to see which of the courses listed below meet the UHM biological science requirement, especially in the case of courses taken at community colleges.

_UH Mānoa courses approved for the Social Work Knowledge Base Biological Sciences Requirement:_

**Biology**
- BIOL 101 – Biology and Society
- BIOL 350 – Sex Differences in the Life Cycle (cross-listed as WS 350) (Does not have a lab.)

**Family Resources**
- FAMR 230 – Human Development (NOTE: not a DB [biological science course]; is a DS [social science] course. Does not have a lab.)

**Food Science and Human Nutrition**
- FSHN 185 – The Science of Human Nutrition (NOTE: Does not have a lab.)

**Microbiology**
- MICR 130 – General Microbiology (Lab is MICR 140.)
- MICRO 351 – Biology of Organisms

**Physiology**
- PHYL 103 – Human Physiology and Anatomy
- PHYL 141 or 142 – Human Anatomy and Physiology
- PHYL 301 or 302 – Human Anatomy and Physiology

**Women’s Studies**
- WS 350 – Sex Differences in the Life Cycle (cross-listed as BIOL 350) (Does not have a lab.)

_UH system Community College courses approved for the Social Work Knowledge Base Biological Sciences Requirement:_

**Biology**
- BIOL 100 – Human Biology
- BIOL 171 – General Biology I